NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1879.

Vol. X X X IX .. No. 12.081.

ONLY THE HOUSE IN SESSION. PASSAGE OF THE PENSIONS AND FORTIFICATIONS APPROPRIATION BILLS-AVOIDING ACTION ON

THE MARSHAL'S DEFICIENCY BILL-NATIONAL The Fortifications and the Pensions Appropriation bills were passed by the House yesterday. The former appropriates \$375,000 and the latter \$32,404,000. Mr. Harmer, of Pennsylvania, will ask for an investigation of

the Pension Bureau. A Committee of the National Board of Trade argued before the Committee on Commerce in favor of the creation of a National Board of Railroad Commissioners. The Democrats, fearing to meet the issues of the extra session, have postponed consideration of the Marshal's Deficiency bill till after the holidays.

MAKING APPROPRIATIONS.

THE FORTIFICATIONS AND PENSION BILLS PASSED BY THE HOUSE-INVESTIGATION OF THE PEN-SION BUREAU ASKED FOR.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—In half an bourthis afternoon the House passed the Fortifications and Pensions Appropriation bills, which were reported yesterday. The amount to be appropriated for fortifications is \$375,000-a very heavy reduction from the estimates furnished by the Secretary of War. Of the amount appropriated, about one-half may be expended in converting smooth-bore into

The appropriations for pensions amount to \$32,404,000, an increase over last year of \$3,-038,000. Representative Hubbell, of Michigan, who reported the bill from the Appropriations Committee, explained that this heavy increase is mainly due to recent legislation by Congress. An act passed last January provides that whenever a pension is granted it shall begin at the date of discharge or death. Another act passed in March, 1879, provides that pensions shall be paid on account of soldiers who died or incurred a disability after the cessation of hostilities in 1865 and before their muster out of service. Mr. Hubbell said that, according to the statement of the Commissioner of Pensions, there will be a very considerable deficiency to provide for, owing to the fact that the laws above mentioned were enacted after the estimates for the year ending June 30, 1880, had been sent in. The whole number of pensioners now on the rolls is 242,755, a not increase of 18,757 in the last year. Of the whole number of pensioners, 11.621 are surviving soldiers of the War of 1812. and 21,104 are the widows of deceased soldiers of the same war. Mr. Hubbell said that the number of unsettled pension claims now on file in the Pension Office is about 200,000, which number the Commissioner of Pensions estimates will reach

House, with a view to the enactment of such addi-tional legislation as may correct existing defects, and as may be deemed necessary to protect pension-ers and soldiers of the Government in their rights.

ers and soldiers of the Government in their rights.

And be it further

Resolved, That the expenses of the said committee
shail be paid out of the contingent fund of the
House upon vouchers signed by the chairman of the

POSTPONING THE EVIL DAY. DELAY OF THE HOUSE TO ACT ON THE MARSHALS'

DEFICIENCY BILL.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.) Washington, Dec. 12-To-day closes the second week of the session, both houses of Congress hav-ing adjourned until next Monday. Notwithstandr g United States Marshals throughout the country have for nearly six months been compelled by the be feet of Congress to bear individually all the expease of their offices, not a step has yet been taken by the House to reamburse them. At the very be rioning of the session the Democratic members of App opriations Committee professed to be anxious to erry up the Marshals' Deficiency bill, and called up in the Attorney-General for an estimate. It was promptly farmished, but the majority of the committee suddenly lost all interest in the matter and decide i not to touch it until after the holidays. The A; propriations Committee has found time to prep re, and the House to pass, two appropriation bills. och together provide for an expenditure of about \$23,000,000; but none of this expenditure can be made till about seven months hence, and there was no need of hurry about these bills. To-day, too, the Mouse devoted an hour or more to the discussion and passage of a private claim amounting to \$20,000. As this claim has been on the files of Congress over thirty years, no great harm would have resulted if it had not been passed to-day, or even resulted if it had not been passed to-day, or even till after the holidays. The marshals' deficiency amounts to \$600,000. All the questions relating to it were thoroughly discussed in Congress last Fpring. The Government owes the marshals now, for money actually expanded and for fees accrued, about \$300,000; but the Democrats in Congress coolly postpone the payment of the debt to suit their political convenience. For this disgraceful state of affairs the Democrats, and they only, are responsible. All the show of industry they are making is meant to deceive the people, and to postpone the evil day when the issues made at the extra session must be boldly faced or cowardly abandoned.

THE SUGAR TARIFF. MEMORIAL TO CONGRESS FROM REFINERS AND IM-PORTERS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 .- Mr. Morton presented in the House a memorial of Messra. Maitland, Phelps & Co., S. & W. Welsh, and a large number of other sugar importers and refiners of New-York, Philadelphia and other cities, praying for a revision of the tariff on sugar. The memorialists will be represented before the House Committee of Ways and Means at its meeting on Tuesday. It is expected that the committee will then fix a day for a full hearing on the subject-probably after the holiday recess. The memorial sets forth that the entire business of the importing, refining and distributing of sugar in this country, involving short \$150,000,000 annualty, has been for the past

three years, and is now, by reason of the present

tariff and the constant agitation of a change of

the same, seriously deranged and embarrassed;

that disregarding the law which prescribes the

Dutch standard of color as the sole basis of

autiable value, the officials of the Treasury

THE NEWS OF THE CAPITAL. Department in some of the ports are arbitrarily fixing rates of duty on another and totally different basis, thereby endangering all totally different basis, thereby endangering all business transactions in foreign sugara, and already involving large amounts which have been paid by the importers under protest; and that this condition of business, together with the declarations of the Secretary of the Treasury, of great losses to the revenue, demands a revision of the sugar tariff by Congress at the earliest practicable moment. It protests against the measure introduced into the last Congress in which it was proposed that the Treasury Department should attempt by some means to establish the percentage of crystallizable sugar as a basis of duties.

It concludes: "We heartily agree with the recommendation of the Secretary of the Freasury in

sugar as a basis of duties.

It concludes: "We heartily agree with the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury in his annual reports of 1877 and 1878, in which we believe he points out the only practical, sensible and safe remedy for the difficulties complained of, insuring to the Government the honest collection of the revenue, and to the merchants and others engaged in commerce in thus great staple, a safe basis for business transactions."

WORK OF THE COMMITTEES. THE NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE ASKING FOR NA-TIONAL RAILWAY SUPERVISION-LEGAL-TESDERS

AND THE SILVER DOLLAR.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The House Committee of Commerce heard extended arguments this morning presented by Messrs, Fraley, of Philadelphia, and Thurber, of New-York, members of a committee appointed by the National Board of Trade to present to the House Committee some suggestions concerning National legislation relating to inter-State commerce. These gentlemen both took strong grounds in favor of Congress interfering and regulating the charges for transportation of freight by railroad companies, and advocated the creation of a National Railroad Commission, or Tribunal, to supervise all matters relating thereto.

Mr. Thurber urged that the magnitude of the interests involved are so great that a competent Board of Commissioners should be appointed to supervise the operations of an Inter-State Railroad law, and from time to time recommend to Conas may be required to do substantial justice to the public and railroad interests. In the course of his remarks Mr. Thurber, to illustrate the evils resulting from the present practice of railroad companies in cutting rates and disriminating in favor of shippers, referred to an ex-13, 1878, showing the evilsmerchants suffered from unequal freight charges. The committee also listened to brief remarks from Mr. J. K. Moorhead, of Pittsburg, Penn., representing the Ohio River Commission, who urged the immediate appropriation by Congress of \$75,000 for the purpose of completing the Davis Island dam, a work now in progress in the Ohio River, a few miles below Pittsburg. The committee will hear further arguments from other members of the National Board of Trade nerrow morning, on the general subject of inter-

of mestled pension claims now on life in the Pension of the is about 200,000 by the close of the current year. These figures do not include the number of claims on account of arrearages of pensions.

There is considerable complaint of the delay in adjusting pension claims—a delay which is understood to be caused by the inadequate force place at the disposal of the several officers who have charge of the examination and settlement of the cases. The Commissioner of Pensions says that pension claims are now coming into his office about two and a half times as fast as they can be disposed of with his present force and under the system now in vogue.

Representative Harmer, of Pennsylvania, will on Monday next introduce the following resolution; and "Whereas, It is a matter of public record that soldiers' claims to the number of 200,000 are now pending in the Pension Office, and unsettled; and, "Whereas, It is a matter of public record that soldiers' claims to the number of 200,000 are now pending in the Pension Office, and unsettled; and, "Whereas, It is an alternet of public never the public of the third of the committee of the committee and the public of the committee of the commi

The House Committee on Fost Offices and Post Roads agreed this morning to report adversely on the bill allowing circulars to be carried in the mails

THE PRIVACY OF TELEGRAPH DISPATCHES. REPUSAL OF THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY TO OBEY A SUBPRENA OF A SENATE

[GENERAL PRESS DISPATCH.] WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.-The Western Union Telegraph Company, in response to the subpæna issued by the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections for the production of all messages in regard to Senator Ingails's election, and all the books and records of certain offices, covering the first six months of 1879, which subpons was made returnable on the 11th 1881, have asked and obtained an extension of time until next Monday, when they purpose to appear before the committee by counsel, and show cause why the subpons abould not be obeyed. It is understood that the refusal is based upon the ground, that the supona requires the production of books and records without specifying persons or dates, and without showing that they contain anything material to the subject of the controversy, and that the company conceive it to be a duty to their patrons and the public generally, to resist any unnecessary and unwarranted disclosure of private business. Senator Ingalls has, however, filed with the committee, his consent to the production of all telegrams, either sent or received by him, and during the bast two months bas, in person and by telegraph, requested the president of the telegraph company to deliver them to the committee. ecords of certain offices, covering the first six

THE INDIAN MURDERERS.

[GENERAL PRESS DISPATCH.]
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Secretary Schurz this afternoon received a telegram from General Hatch, dated Los Pinos, December 10, stating that the Indians, in their request to be tried in Washington, meant to be tried by the General Government. They are willing by the General Government. They are willing to be tried anywhere out of Colorado. They stated through Ouray that they might as well be hanged to the trees at the agency as be taken to Denver. Ouray says that the Commission has demanded all the warriors mentioned by the women, but that the women made some mistakes which will be known at the trial, but that the proper persons will be secured and turned over as soon as it is ascertained who they are. They will turn over all persons mentioned by the women.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 12, 1879. All the members were present at the meeting of the Cabinet to-day, including the newly installed Secretary of War, the Hon, Alexander Ramsey.

A communication from the Secretary of War was laid before the House to-day calling the attention of Conbefore the House to-day calling the attention of con-gress, in view of the recent donations of condemned cannon for monumental purposes, to the fact that the supply of such cannon is now exhausted. It can be stated on excellent authority that after a

E. B. Tyler, Postmaster at Baltimore, and of the evidence produced by that gentleman in ceply, the President is satisfied that there is not sufficient reason for his removal on account of his conduct, either official or personal. careful examination of the evidence against General

Judge McCrary took leave of the members of the Cabinet at a dinner given by the President and Mrs. Hayes last evening, and left the city this morning for St. Louis, in company with Secretary Thompson. Dur-ing Secretary Thompson's absence Commodore Jeffers, Chief of the Bureau of Qrdnance, will be Acting Secre-retary of the Navy.

ELIZABETH SUMMONED TO PAY UP.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 12.-Elizabeth is called upon to show cause by the 22d instant why she

should not be compelled to pay the interest on her civic debt. The suit is that of Robert Goelet and others.

GENERAL GRANT IN COLUMBUS.

THE STREETS DECORATED PROFUSELY AND CROWDED

WITH PEOPLE. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 12.-The reception to General Grant and Mrs. Grant in this city to-day a grand success. Before 9 o'clock this morning the The places of business on High-st. for nearly five miles capitol building was richly decorated with flacs and cedars. In front bing the motte—" All Hail Ohio's

The banquet took place at 6 o'clock this

cated at Xenia. General Grant got the con-ductor of the train hearing him to Columbus to-day, to step a few minutes at that point. He made a brief speech, and expressed a desire to take each orphan by the hand, but his time was himbed; so be expressed his gratification at seeing them looking so contented and happy, and the train mixted on.

A PENNSYLVANIA TOWN DESTROYED.

RED ROCK SET ON FIRE BY A STREAM OF BURNING OIL-RELIEF NEEDED.

BRADFORD, Penn., Dec. 12.-A fire broke out last evening at well 4, belonging to E. O. Emerson, in Red Rock. The well had been prepared for torpe-does and was left open. Superintendent Nason of the Emerson lease passed by with a lantern and the gas ignited and set fire to the woodwork. Oil began to flow from the well and ran down hill to the 250. barrel tank, which caught fire. The fire communicated with the 25,000-barrel iron tank, which was soon in a blaze and burned steadily until 5 o'clock this morning. When the tank was burned rivers of oil flowed down the valley and the main street of R of Rock, burning the business and private houses of the entire town. Three hundred families are homeless and there is great suffering amount the people. shef committees have been formed to rener an Gillmor, Derrick and Bradford, Mayor Broder, Bradford, has telegraphed to Reu Rock as fol-ws: "Call on us for all help necessary."

The Hon, James Broder, Mayor of Bradford, Penn., has sent the following telegrom to the presi dent of the Western Union Telegraph Company : " Red Rock, a neighboring town, has been destroyed by fire, Two hundred families are houseless. Can you assist us financially P. The Western Union Telegraph Company will receive and forward any contributions sent to its offices.

THE LONG HAYDEN TRIAL.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 12 .- The testimony in the Hayden case this morning was mainly corroba tive of that of the previous witnesses for the defence. W. H. Perry and J. Sherman Buel testified that Mrs Ward, of Guilford, told them she saw a man cross the road in Rockland, at or above the spring, on the day of the houncide. Mrs. Ward has testified for the State that she saw a man cross below the spring.

A number of witnesses testified that they had visited Mr. Hayden's wood lot, where he claims to have been ocwould take a man an hour or an hourand a half to throw out the wood that Hayden threw out. Erta J. Battlett testifies that on the day after the hom-icide she heard Hayden ask for a knife, and heard his wife say it was on a shell in the kitchen. This refers to the knife on which the State claims that blood corpus-

Dr. Hubbard testified for the defence with the view of showing that Mary Stampard may have been killed else-where, and then carried to the place where her body was found, but he acknowledged that it would have been impossible to have carried the body from one point to another without leaving traces of blood, unless the creat-est care was exercised. The case was adjourned thi

RAILROAD TRAFFIC RETURNS.

ALBANY, Dec. 12 .- The following railroad

returns have been received:
The Metropolitan Elevated Railway reports as follows: Chartered capital, \$3,500,000; amount of capital new, \$6,500,000; paid in, \$6,500,000; funded debt at last report, \$7,500,000; funded debt now, \$5,082,000; receipts port, \$7,500,000; funded debt now, \$5,082,000; receipts from passengers, \$1,283,160 09; receipts from The New York Herald, \$2,820; payments for transportation, \$709,524 47; payments for interest, \$220,000.

The Staten Island Kallwey Company is ports as follows: Paid capital, \$210,000; funded and flowing debt, \$300,000; receipts from passengers, \$71,062 65; receipts from free from their sources, \$186,581 48; payments for road and force expresses, \$179,171 97; payments for interest, \$21,247 33; payments for dividends, \$42,000.

A NEW PLANET DISCOVERED.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 .- The Smithsonian Institution has received from M. Forester, of Berlin, an announcement of the discovery by M. Palisa, at Pola, on the 11th of December, 1879, of a planetoid of the tenth magnitude, in five hours two minutes of right ascension north, twenty-three degrees forty minutes of declination, with a daily motion of fifty-six seconds in right ascension and four n.inutes south.

MICHIGAN GRAVE ROBBERS CAUGHT.

DETROIT, Dec. 12 .- The people of Oxford, station on the Detroit and Bay City Railroad, are greatly excited in consequence of some grave robberies initied there last night. The robbers were tracked to the Rochester station, where two men having three dead bodies in their possession were arrested this morn-ling. The remains were those of Robert Ensley, James Deve and Mrs. Plumtord, all of whom ded recently.

THE NEW-JERSEY LIQUOR CONTESTS.

Morrisrown, N. J., Dec. 12.-The decision endered by Judge Dixon, as to the illegality of cour licenses to keep inns and taverns and sell liquor in Morristown, has been removed by writ of certierari to the Supreme Court, the writ being allowed by Judge Dixon himself.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

THE NEW-YORK CANVASS COMPLETE-THE NA-TIONAL REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE ABOUT TO RE-

ASSEMBLE. In Maine the petition for a writ of mandamus against Secretary Gove has been denied. The New-York State Board of Calvassers declined yesterday to go behind the returns, and at once declared the result of the late State election. A few changes only are made in the figures previously reported. Mr. Hoskins's plurality is increased to 290, General Carr's plurality is increased to by a special train about 3 e'clock, and were greeted with a salute of thirty guis fired by United States troops, and the blowing of steam whistles all over the 12,441. David Armstrong (colered) has 1875, and Mr. Seymour's is reduced to been mardered from bostility in Louisiana. Several members of the Republi-National Committee have left Chicago for Washington. Ex-Governor McCormick. William E. Chandler and Senator Cameron are mentioned for the vacant chairman-

JUDGE VIRGIN DENIES THE PETITION FOR A WHIT COMPELLING THE SECRETARY TO EXHIBIT THE

ELECTION RETURNS-THE DECISION. of Judge Virgin in the two cases of A. R. G. Smith and N. Hill against Edward H. Gove, Secretary of State asking for a writ of mandamus compelling

helow:

The conclusion is char that, under the statutes at present existing, the relators having an interest, as set forth in the petitico, might legally claim a reasonable opportunity to impect the official returns of votes from the several cries, towns and plantations in their resenctive districts. They had a legal right under resentable resultations, to see them, after they were offed to forexam'nimon by the Governor and Council. It is the constitutionality in all respects of the statutes toolwhile the question, the Court does not undertake, in the greatly proceeding, to pass, but is or opinion, and

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE. CANDIDATES FOR THE CHAIRMANSHIP IN PLACE OF THE LATE SENATOR CHANDLER. INT TREEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.-The canvass for the chairmanship of the National Republican Committee has began. Ex-Governor McCormick, who has cerved one term as secretary of the committee and is understood to favor the nomination of Senator Blaine for the Presidency has been mentioned as the possible successor of the late Senator Chandler for chairman, it Mr. Blaine's friends are found to be a majority in the committee; but gentlemen who are supposed to represent Mr. Blaine now say that his friends will prefer the choice of Representative Frye or of William E. Chandier. Of course Scoretary Sherman's friends are not idle. The appointment of Mr. Sener, of Virginia, who is a member of the committee, to the Chief-Justiceship of Wyoming is asserted to be a movement in favor of the candiducy of the Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Sener. it is said, is not a Sherman man, but his successor may possibly be. Another plan of Secretary Shermay possibly be. Another plan of Secretary Sher-man's friends is said to involve the substitution of Senator J. D. Cameron for Mr. Kemble as the Penn-sylvania member of the committee, and the selec-tion of Senator Cameron as the Sherman candidate for chairman. Some of Mr. Blaine's friends are fa-vorable to Saratoga as the place of helding the National Convention; but Chicago is said to have offered to entertain free the members of the Na-tional Consmittee and all the delegates, if the con-vention will go to that city. The Blaine men will strongly oppose going to Cincinnati.

A LOUISIANA OUTRAGE.

COLORED MAN SHOT DEAD IN MADISON COUNTY, NEW-ORIEANS, Dec. 12 .- The Carroll Conservative Dem.) says: "David Armstrong, a colored man, hying with his family on the Morancy place, near Milliken's Bend, in Madison Parish, was taken out of his house between 11 and 12 o'clock on the Sunday night last preceding the election by a band of be tween twenty-five and thirty men. Over twenty shots were fired and heard by persons listening on the place. Pools of blood and a sheet covered with gore were found near the bank of the river the next gore were found near the bank of the river the next morning, but no trace of Armstrong was discovered. Amstrong is reported to us as an industrious, paying tenant on the Morancy place, who was raising good crops every year. Since writing the rhoye a report has reached us that the body of Armstrong was fished out of the river three days ago and interred." This statement is given in view of the contradictory reports heretofore published in regard to affairs in Madison Parish before the election.

THE VIRGINIA SENATORSHIP. GENERAL MAHONE NOMINATED.

RICHMOND, Dec. 12.-The Readjusters in caucus o-night nominated General William Mahone for United States Senator, to succeed Senator Withers, whose term expires on the 4th of March, 1881. Those present at the caucus composed a majority of seven on joint ballot of all members elected to the General Assembly.

VIRGINIA POLITICIANS QUARRELLING.

N ANGRY DEBATE-THE READJUSTERS ASSAILED. RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 12.-The election of RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 12.—The election of the officers was completed te-day in the General Assably, the office of Raliroad Commissioner being the day, the office of Raliroad Commissioner being the yone to be filled. As was the case in all the other ces, the Readinsters elected their candidate. Captain State officers was completed te-day in the General As-sembly, the office of Raliroad Commissioner being the only one to be filled. As was the case in all the other

Asa Rogers, jr., to that office, over Colonel Thomas Carter, the present incumbent, whose ter m, however, does

The nemination in the Senate of Colonel Carter, a cousin of General Lee, was made by Major John W. Daniels, of Lynchburg, in a speech of about two hours, in the course of which he discussed at length and with in the course of which he discussed at length and with seathing in vective the combination existing in the Legislature between the colored Republicans and Readjusters. He denounced the party of the Readjusters for going before the people on one issue, to wit, a reduction of the interest on the public debt; and then, after their election by negro votes, obtained by deceiving the negroes into the belief that they were not bound to pay any of the debt, thouch enjoying the benefits which its contraction conters on the State, attempting to perpetuate their rule by turning out all the tried officers of the State and planting themselves on radical ground to purchase the cooperation of the colored members. He compared the party to a burglar entering by the back door with a skeleton key and then turning a dark lantern apon the contents that he might secure his plunder.

THE STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS DECLINES TO

ALBANY, Dec. 12 .- The Board of State Canvassers met at the office of the Secretary of State to All the members of the Board were present, except At torney-General Schoonmaker, who is absent from the

Committee, stated that he appeared on behalf of the Democratic party organization, and desired to offer proofs that some of the returns are irregular and im-properly made out.

that their duty and power are simply to compile the re-turns as certified to by the various local convassers; that these returns appear to be regular, and that he knows of no power to go behind them. He said the Beard would grant Mr. Faulkner a hearing, however. Mr. Faulkner said the power to go behind the returns has been exercised in some States, and he thought it well to suggest the question. As the Board seemed to ing further to say.

The returns were then duly canvassed, and certain im-

perfect votes were allowed to the candidates they were intended for. These consisted chiefly of ballots giv-ing initials instead of full names and containing names incorrectly spelled. Resolutions were then adopted declaring the following persons elected: ernor, George G. Hoskins (Rep.); Controller, James W. Treasurer, Nathan D. Wendell (Rep.); Attorney-Gen-

	mary of the vote of the state
is given below, with the vot	
Governor. 1-79.	Appeals Judge. 1878. G. F. Danforth (R.)391.1.2
Alongo B.Cornell (R.) 418.567	G. F. Danforth (R.) 391.1 2
"I regime trobin some D. 1 . 40, 720	G. B. Bradley (D.)356,451
John Kelly Tam 77,566	Gideon J. Tucker (G.) 75.133
Harris Lewis (Green.; 20.286	W. H. Van Cott (r.) . 4,2 4
John W. Mears(Pro.). 4,437	Scattering 1,455
Scattering 4.880	Scalt rior 1,455 Total vote 828,445
Total vote	Rep. pluratity 34,661
Rep. piurality 42,777	
Lieut-tionernor. 1879.	Secretary. 1879.
Geo, G. Hoskins (R.).435,404	Secretary. 1879. Joseph B. Carr (B.) 436. 13
Clark'n N. Potter (D.)445,014	*Allen C. Beach (D.) 434.138
John M. Wieting (O.). 23,067	Peter K. McCanu (G.) 22,558
Jas. H. Bronson (P.) 3,902	Alph. A. Hopkins (P.) 4,228
Stattering 4,824	Scattering 4,005
Total vote902,111	Total vote 900.540
Rep. plurality 290	Rep. plurality 1,875
Controller, 1879.	Treasurer. 1579.
J. W. Wadsworth (R.) 4 8,253	N. D. Wendell (R.)486,800
Fred. P. Olcott (D.).43325	*James Mackin (D.)433,485 Jurian Winne (G.) 21,646
John A. Shannon (G.). 22.572	Jurian winne (G. / 21,040
Galeb W. Allis (P.) 4,192	Stephen Merritt (P.). 4,149 Scattering 5,603
Scattering 3,950	Total vote
Total vote	Rep. plurality 2,815
Attorney General, 1879.	State Engineer. 1379.
Hamilton Ward (H.) 487,382	Howart Soule (R.) 427,240
*A. Schoomaker (D.) 433,238	all Sections (r. D) 430081
James Wright (G.) 21 961	Garret Nagte (th.) 22,779
W Farrington (P 4.078	John J. Hooker (P.) 4,043
Scattering 4.588	Seiffering 5.312
Total vote	Total vote 899,055
Rep. plurality 4,144	Dem. plurality 12,441
*Renominated.	

MR. TALMAGE AND HIS ACCUSERS.

HE SAVE HE IS PERPADED TO SUBSTANTIATE HIS STATEMENTS-COMMENTS IN BROOKLYN ON THE CHARGES AND COUNTERCHARGES.

The retort of the minority of the Brooklyn

Presbytery to the statements of the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, in the pulpit of Brooklyn Tabernacle last Sunday, was the subinterested in church matters. Mr. Talmage was asked published yesterday. He said that he thought be would speak at length on the matter from his pulpit, but was it would be to-morrow or not. He declared that the statements he made were true and at the proper time he would substantiate them. His church. he said, would not pay for a perpetual assault on it by those who for ien years had been watching, criticising and making difficult its work. Everything was done, ments by the Preshylery were enneerned the church was stopped. He proposed to stay in the Presbyterian Church, and had no anxiety as to the result. While he did not wish to pursue any one, if obliged in self-diffence to expose those accusing him, he would do it; but at present he was on the defensive.

Major Corwin, the President of the Board of Trustees of the Tabernacle, denounced yesterday the enemies and persecutors of his pastor. He declared that while professing to follow the in acting as they did toward Mr. Talmage they had dis-graced the denomination by their deflance of its laws. He said that the letters affecting the financial credit of the labernacie were published in The Presbylerian and Erangelist. Dr. Rockwell told him that Dr. Van Dyke offered him a speech to deliver us his own. As to the matier of assessments from the Presbytery the trustees believed that they were for the expenses of the trust,

offered him a speech to deliver us his own. As to the matter of assessments from the Presbytery the trustees believed that they were for the expenses of the trul, and Mr. Talmage made the statement on their authority. M. Jor Cerwin asserts that it is his opinion that investigation should be made all along the line, beginning with Dr. Van Dyke's ministerial career.

A member of the Presbytery declared yesterday that he had conversed with all bis associates and no one had the offer for ready made speech. He said that there could not have been any misunderstanding about the assessments made on the Tabernacle for the money for the expenses of one year is never raised until the foliowing year. The \$1.700 that the trial of Mr. Talmage cost was paid by the funds on hand and what had to be borrowed. If the Tubernacle had paid its three years dures the money might have been used, but it was owed for previous expenses. The Presbytery expenses are levied on all the churches each year in proportion to their number of members. A well-known Brooklyn clergyman in speaking of Mr. Talmage and those he is in controversy with in his denomination, said that such fresh development seems to confirm the opinion that he long since formed that Mr. Talmage and those he is in controversy with in his denomination, said that such fresh development seems to confirm the opinion that he long since formed that Mr. Talmage and those he is in controversy with in his denomination, said that such fresh development seems to confirm the opinion that he long since formed that Mr. Talmage and those he is in controversy with its his denomination, said that such fresh development seems to confirm the opinion that he long since formed that Mr. Talmage and those he is he controversy with its his denomination, said that such fresh development seems to confirm the opinion that he long since formed that Mr. Talmage tall he proportion to the firm of the proportion of the say of the firm of the firm of the proportion of the prestytery continually grows wifer.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

FAILURE IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Dec. 12.—David Shaw, a shipping gent, has failed, with liabilities amounting to \$25,000. WINDING UP A SAVINGS BANK.

HAUTFOID, Conn., Dec, 12.—Judge Horey to-day
appended Robert E. Day, of Harderd, receiver of the Dime
Savings Bank of this city. It has been under an injunction
for electron months.

PUBLIC BEQUESTS.

PUBLIC BEQUESTS.

NewPORT, R. I., Dec. 12.—The will of the late
Mrs. Maria M. Fitts of this city, contains a number of public
bequests of from \$100 to \$1,000, also one of \$5,000 to the
Dutch Reformed Church of Coytville, N. J.

AFFAIRS IN FOREIGN LANDS.

AFGHANS AGAIN IN THE FIELD. M. WADDINGTON TALKS WITH THE REPUBLICAN

SENATORS-MADRID SHILL AGITATED. Severe fighting is reported from the neighborhood of Cabul. The British forces suffered a defeat, and are confronted by a strong force. M. Waddington yesterday gave explanations to Senators representing the Republican factions. It is reported that the Irish prosecutions for sedition will be abandoned by the Government. Vast floods are reported from Transylvania. There is much agitation at Madrid on account of the Cabinet changes.

THE AFGHANS FIGHTING.

A STRONG FORCE IN THE FIELD AGAINST THE BRITISH. LONDON, Friday, Dec. 12, 1879.

The official account of the engagement between General Massy's command and the force under Manmond Jans shows that General Massy, while attempting to intercept the enemy, was attacked by great numbers. His cavalry before abandoning the field overturned the guns and made repeated charges. The guns were not recovered until the arrival of General beaten off with loss. General Roberts reports that the

The Daily News publishes the following dispatch from General Macpherson occupied Sarkh-Kotal just in fime from Ghuznee. The Kohistanis, who occupied a position near the Kotal, were attacked and disfrom Ghunner. The Kohlstabis, who occupied a position near the Kotal, were attacked and dislodged, leaving six of their standards. Our loss was a few men slightly wounded. General Baker was to move by the way of Char Asiab to take them in the rear, while General Massy, with a force of horse articlery, two squadrons of the Nurth Lancers and one squadron of the Fourteenth Bengal Lancers, was to join General Maspherson by the way of the Charden Valley, for a combined movement with the object of driving the enemy south on General Baker's command. General Massy encountered Mahmoud Jans' force, rumbering ten thouse ad Afghan Sepoys and tribe men, and his cavalry made a brillians canrae, but without apparent effect on the vast body of the enemy. The country is most difficult, being cut up by numerous water courses. Four guis, in retiring, were noset, spiked and abandoned, but were subsequently recovered. The enemy made for the Cabul gorge, but were checked there by a detachment of the Seventy-Second Highlanders from the Shepur cantonment.

The enemy med for the Cabul gorge, but were checked there to be the spiker infless. They lost heavily by the are admirably led, and two or three thousand of them are armed with Shider rifles. They lost heavily by the evelry charge and artillery fire, but never wavered. Our loss is belived to be eighteen killed, including one colonel. General Macpherson is now attacking the enemy. The guides have arrived from Latadound and General Baker is coming from Matdan. [This dispatch should probably have been dated Thursday.]

Two Days' Fighting Reported.

A dispatch from Cabul, dated Thursday, says The combined movement of Generals Massy and Mac pherson miscarried. The cavalry arrived at the point of Junction too early. It encountered large masses of the enemy, and the guns for a time fell into the enemy's hands, but they were afterward recovered. The usurgents, who are in considerable force about the city, are being attacked this morang by General Mac. pherson, who yesterday inflicted severe loss upon them.'

TROUBLED TIMES IN SPAIN.

Letters from Madrid state that the independent press declares that Señor Canovas del Castillo supplanted General Martinez-Campos by a course of

Parliamentary intrigue.

During a stormy sitting of the Congress on the 10th inst., shouts of "long live the Republic" were raised in the spectators' galleries, and some of the public were consequently excluded on Taursday. Military precau-

consequently excluded on Taursday. Military precautions have been taken in Madrd.

Every Liberal newspaper to Spain deplores the resignation of Premier Martinez-Campes. The newspapers also express afarm concerning the effect in Cuba of als resignation.

Several Generals of the Army, high in command in Spain and Cuba, such as Captain-General Bizance and Generals Prendergast and Cassola, undered their resignations, as soon as they heard of the fail of Premier Martinez-Campos's Ministry. The Constitutional Deputies have nominated a committee composed of Schors Sagasta, Castelar, Martes, Alotzo Martinez, Rag and Romero, and Generals Cassola and Sanz, to Insist upon expanations being given by Premier Canovas del Castillo and the President of the Congress relative to their unparliamentary treatment of the Constitutional party in the sitting of the 10th inst.

It is stated that very serious news has been received from Cuba; that all the military commanders in the island have resigned. The Minister of War has already received the resignations of thirty-four generals.

FRENCH MINISTERIAL EXPLANATIONS.

the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs. M. Feray, Seaator from the Department of the Seine-et-Oise, or behalf of the Left Cen're, advocated a more decided policy; M. Duclere, life Senator from the Department of the Landes, for the Pure Left, urged that the Government should watch over the strict loyalty of all functionaries; and M. Ferronillat, from the Department of the Var, for the Advanced Left, asked for a purging

of the Var, for the Advanced Left, asked for a purging of the Reactionaries and for the cessation of the til-treatment of Communists in New-Culcionia.

M. Waddington acknowledged that much had still to be done as to the functionaries, though it was not always easy to find sulvable successors. He promised to do his utmost to meet the wishes of the Left, and stated that the only proved case of ill-treatment had been dealt with by the dismissal of the guilty, and engaged that, if the pending investigation revealed other cases, severe punishment should follow. M. Waddington concluded by giving a favorable account of foreign affairs.

THE IRISH AGITATION. LONDON, Friday, Dec. 12, 1879.

The Grand Jury at Carrick-ou-Shannon have found true bills against Michael Davitt, James Bryce Killen and James Daly, for sedition. The counsel for the Crown presented writs removing the trials of the indicted men to Dublin. Mr. Ren, counsel for Mr. Killen, protested, and advised Mr. Killen to remain in prison Passage has been booked for Mr. Charles S. Passage has been booked for Mr. Charles S. Parnet and a friend by the steamship Scythia, which will sall from Liverpool for New-York on the 20th inst. A Suc-Sheriff of Mayo, accompanied ty a large force of police, has gone to Loonamore to evect the farmer, Dempacy, to protest ngainst whose eviction the Balla meeting of the 224 uit. was held.

ATTEMPT TO KILL LORD LYTTON. CALCUTTA, Friday, Dec. 12, 1879. Lord Lytton, Viceroy of India, on his are rival here this evening from a tour of the Provinces, was twice fired at by a drunken East Indian, but es-caped injury. The would-be assess in has been arrested.

FOREIGN NOTES. LONDON, Friday, Dec. 12, 1879. Marshal Caurobert, in the Senate yesterday, declared that so far from ordering the soldiers to fire on the peo-

ple on the Boulevards in 1851, he stopped the firing and said that the firing was an absurdity which no general would have ordered and was doubtless began by young hot-headed recruits.

Nearly all the rivers and brooks in Transylvania have overflowed their banks, laying under water vast tracts of country. In some cases the inhabitants were for days on trees and roo's of houses awaiting resease. The increasing rise in the price of cereals throughout

The Landtag has adopted the Railroad Committee's resolutions prescribing principles on which the Govern

ment must administer the rallways. The Berlin and Magdeburg Railway Company has overwhelm highly voted in favor of the saie of that road to the Government. Mayor of Berlin and the Prefect of Police, bus been

formed to organize a system of relief for the famine atricken people of Silesia.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER,
MILWAUKER, Wis., Dec. 12.—James M. Norwall
has been arrested here for murdering Mrs. Vickers near
Buncetow, ho., last July. POUTSVILLE, Penn., Dec. 12.—By a fail of top slate in the Faust colliery, near Tremont, tals morning, Frederick Hay, John Bicklar and a boy named James were instantly killed.

Stantily killed.

CHINESE BARBARISM.

VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 12—A Chinawoman and a Chinaman were chopped to pleces with an axe by another Chinaman, who set fire to the boose in order to burn the bodies. The fire, however, was put out and the crime discovered.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., Dec. 12.—Frank John a young man from Naples Ontario County, N. Y. has fined \$50 for attempting last night to shoot Mr. Chrisnight polteeman at the Great Western Railway at Johnam was druik and had been put of the brain.